LEWISTOWN	Source of Drinking Water	Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small		
IL0570600 Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2014 This report is intended to provide you with important	The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances	amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that wate poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water		
	resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: - Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants,	In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for		
LEWISTOWN is Ground Water For more information regarding this report contact:	<pre>septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. - Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban</pre>	same protection for public health. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.		
Name City of Lewistown Phone 309-547-4300	<pre>storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. - Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm</pre>			
Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.	<pre>water runoff, and residential uses. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.</pre>	These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of		
This report is available electronically at <pre>http://lewistownillinois.org/wp/wp-content/up loads/2015/05/Lewistown2014DrinkingWaterRepor t.pdf and a notification of electronic availability will be mailed to each residence. This report is also available at Lewistown City Hall.</pre>	- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.	If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water		
		exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.		

Source Water Information

Source Water Name	Type of Water	Report Status	Location
WELL 07 (58012)	GW	A	230 FT N W OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 08 (58013)	GW	A	325 FT N.W.OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 09 (58014)	GW	A	40 FT NNE OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 10 (58015)	GW	A	120 FT NW OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 11 (58016)	GW	A	100 FT WSW OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 13 (00376)	GW	A	39 FT SE OF COLLECTING TANK
WELL 14 (00377)	GW	A	114 FT SE OF WELL 8

Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at 309-547-4306. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl.

To determine Lewistown's susceptibility to groundwater contamination, the following document was reviewed: a Well Site Survey, published in 1989 by the Illinois EPA. Based on the information obtained in this document, there are no potential sources of groundwater contamination that could pose a hazard to groundwater utilized by Lewistown's community water supply. However, information provided by the Leaking Underground Storage Tank and Remedial Project Management Sections of the Illinois EPA indicated sites with on-going remediation that might be of concern.Based upon this information, the Illinois EPA has determined that the Lewistown Community Water Supply's source water is susceptible to contamination. As such, the Illinois EPA has provided 5-year recharge area calculations for the wells. The land use within the recharge areas of the wells was analyzed as part of this susceptibility determination. This land use includes woodlands and agricultural properties.

2014 Regulated Contaminants Detected

Coliform Bacteria

Maximum minant Level Goal		Highest No. of Positive	E. Coli or Fecal	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0	1 positive monthly sample.	1	0	Ν	Naturally present in the environment.

Lead and Copper

Definitions:

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety. Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	11/20/2013	1.3	1.3	1.2	2	ppm	Ν	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	11/20/2013	0	15	1.1	0	ppb	Ν	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Water Quality Test Results

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goa or MRDLG:	l The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
ppb:	micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.
na:	not applicable.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.
ppm:	milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	12/31/2014	0.9	0.8 - 1	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)*	2014	1	0 - 1	No goal for the total	60	ppb	Ν	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2014	11	8.913 - 13.71	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	04/16/2012	0.1	0.1 - 0.1	2	2	ppm	Ν	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	04/16/2012	1.07	1.07 - 1.07	4	4.0	ppm	Ν	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Iron	04/16/2012	0.19	0.19 - 0.19		1.0	ppm	Ν	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.
Manganese	2014	244	75 - 320	150	150	ppb	Ν	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2014	4	4.1 - 4.1	10	10	ppm	Ν	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	04/16/2012	10	10 - 10			ppm	N	Erosion from naturally occuring deposits: Used in water softener regeneration.

05/14/2015 - IL0570600_2014_2015-05-14_08-37-20.RTF

Regulated Contaminants

Zinc	04/16/2012	0.0077	0.0077 - 0.0077	5	5	ppm	Ν	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the
								USEPA. However, the state regulates. Naturally occurring; discharge from metal

Violations Table

Consumer	Confidence	Rule	
----------	------------	------	--

The Consumer Confidence Rule requires community water systems to prepare and provide to their customers annual consumer confidence reports on the quality of

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
CCR ADEQUACY/AVAILABILITY/CONTENT	07/01/2014	09/10/2014	We failed to provide to you, our drinking water customers, an annual report that adequately informed you about the quality of our drinking water and the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water.